

OCP

OpenCognition Protocol

"Where Minds Meet Machines"

OpenCognition Protocol (OCP)

Git Repository Technical Specification v1.0

Introduction	October 2025
License	MIT Licenses
Conformance Identifier	OCP-REPO-SPEC-1.0
Specification	docs.opencognitionprotocol.org
Maintainer	OCP Technical Steering Committee

1. Purpose

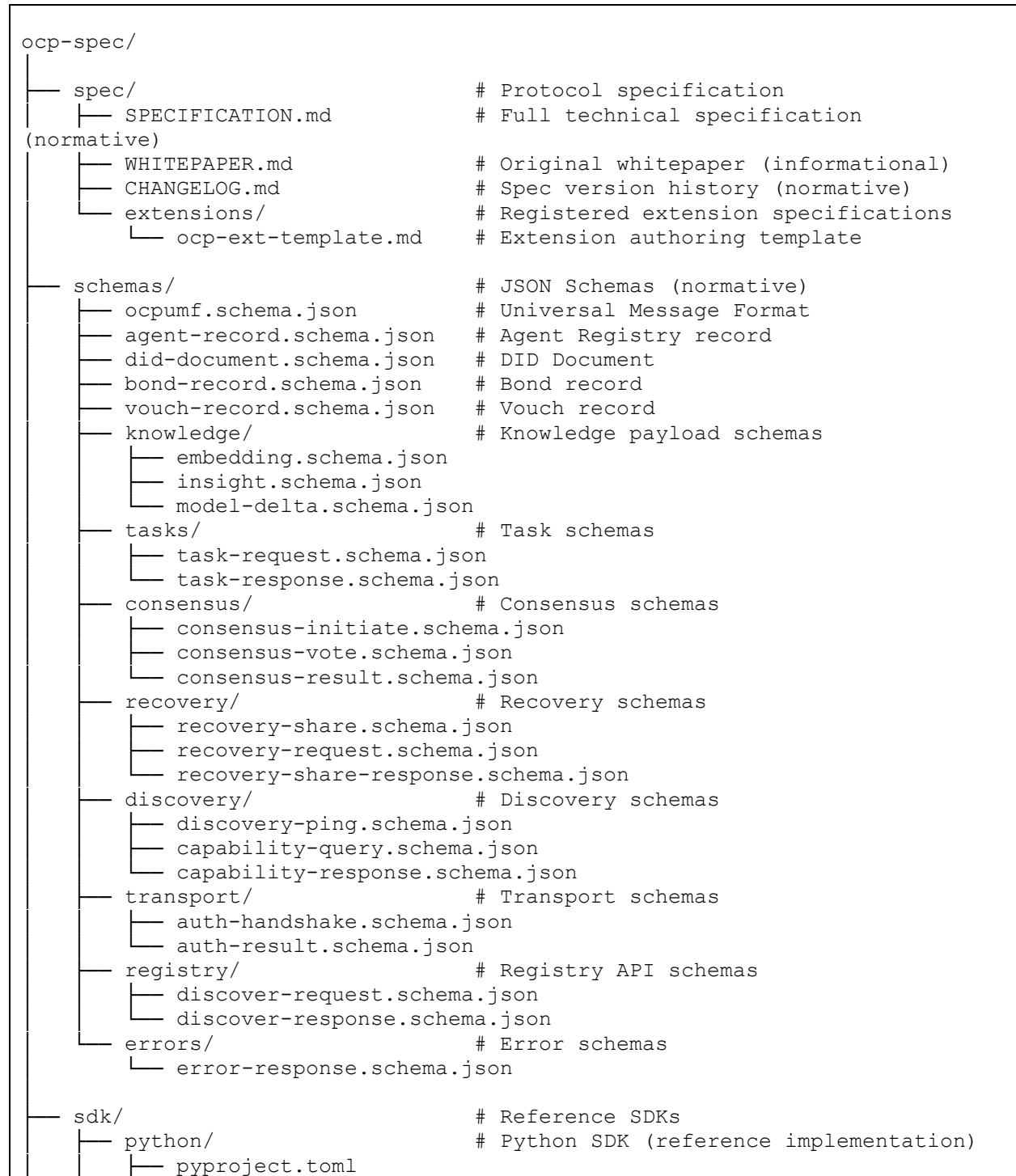
This document defines the authoritative structure, branching model, versioning strategy, release process, contribution workflow, CI/CD pipeline, and governance rules for the official OCP Git repository (`opencognition/ocp-spec`). All contributors, maintainers, and automated systems MUST conform to this specification.

2. Repository Identity

Field	Value
Canonical URL	<code>https://github.com/opencognition/ocp-spec</code>
License	MIT (SPDX: <code>MIT</code>)
Primary language	Python (SDK), JSON (schemas), Markdown (spec)
Minimum Python	3.11
JSON Schema draft	2020-12
Default branch	<code>main</code>

3. Repository Structure

The repository is organized into seven top-level directories. Each directory has a single owner (a TSC working group or designated maintainer) and a defined scope. Files outside these directories are repository-level configuration and governance documents.



```

├── README.md
├── ocp/
│   ├── __init__.py
│   ├── constants.py           # Protocol constants
│   ├── exceptions.py         # Exception hierarchy
│   ├── crypto.py             # Cryptographic primitives
│   ├── identity.py           # DID generation & management
│   ├── messages.py           # OCPUMF builder & validator
│   ├── knowledge.py          # Knowledge types
│   ├── trust.py              # Trust, vouching, bonds
│   ├── pvl.py                # Privacy Validation Layer
│   ├── recovery.py           # Shamir SSS key recovery
│   ├── transport.py          # WebSocket & HTTP transports
│   ├── registry.py           # Registry client
│   ├── consensus.py          # Consensus protocol
│   ├── agent.py              # High-level Agent class
│   ├── cli.py                # CLI tools (ocp-keygen)
│   └── compliance.py         # Compliance checker
├── javascript/               # JavaScript SDK (planned)
│   └── .gitkeep
├── go/                         # Go SDK (planned)
│   └── .gitkeep
├── node/                       # Reference OCP Node
│   ├── Dockerfile
│   ├── docker-compose.yml
│   ├── requirements.txt
│   ├── config.yml
│   └── src/
│       └── ocp_node/
│           ├── __init__.py
│           ├── __main__.py   # Entry point
│           ├── database.py    # SQLite persistence
│           ├── message_router.py # Message routing engine
│           ├── handlers.py    # Message type handlers
│           ├── transport_server.py # HTTP + WebSocket server
│           ├── registry_server.py # Agent Registry API
│           └── custodian_server.py # Recovery custodian
├── tests/                      # Compliance test suite
│   ├── conftest.py           # Shared fixtures
│   ├── test_identity.py
│   ├── test_messages.py
│   ├── test_crypto.py
│   ├── test_knowledge.py
│   ├── test_trust.py
│   ├── test_pvl.py
│   ├── test_transport.py
│   ├── test_consensus.py
│   ├── test_recovery.py
│   └── integration/         # Integration tests (require node)
│       ├── test_registry_api.py
│       ├── test_message_flow.py
│       └── test_custodian_api.py
├── examples/                   # Runnable example agents
│   └── simple_agent.py

```

```
├── knowledge_sharing.py
├── multi_agent_consensus.py
├── key_recovery.py
├── docs/ # Documentation site source
│   ├── mkdocs.yml
│   └── pages/
│       ├── index.md
│       ├── quickstart.md
│       ├── architecture.md
│       ├── sdk-reference.md
│       ├── node-operations.md
│       └── extension-guide.md
├── .github/ # GitHub configuration
│   ├── ISSUE_TEMPLATE/
│   │   ├── bug_report.yml
│   │   ├── feature_request.yml
│   │   ├── spec_change.yml
│   │   └── extension_proposal.yml
│   ├── PULL_REQUEST_TEMPLATE.md
│   ├── CODEOWNERS
│   ├── workflows/
│   │   ├── ci.yml # Continuous integration
│   │   ├── release.yml # Release automation
│   │   ├── schema-validation.yml # JSON Schema linting
│   │   ├── security-audit.yml # Dependency & crypto audit
│   │   └── docs-deploy.yml # Documentation deployment
│   └── dependabot.yml
├── .gitignore
├── .editorconfig
├── LICENSE
├── README.md
├── CONTRIBUTING.md
├── CODE_OF_CONDUCT.md
├── SECURITY.md
└── GOVERNANCE.md
```

3.1 Directory Ownership

Directory	Owner	Approval Required
spec/	TSC (Technical Steering Committee)	2 TSC members
schemas/	TSC	2 TSC members
sdk/python/	SDK Working Group	1 SDK WG member + 1 TSC
sdk/javascript/	SDK Working Group	1 SDK WG member + 1 TSC
sdk/go/	SDK Working Group	1 SDK WG member + 1 TSC
node/	Node Working Group	1 Node WG member + 1 TSC
tests/	SDK Working Group	1 SDK WG member
examples/	Community Council	1 CC member
docs/	Community Council	1 CC member
.github/	TSC	1 TSC member
Root files	TSC	2 TSC members

3.2 CODEOWNERS

```
# .github/CODEOWNERS

# Specification (normative)
/spec/                @ocp-tsc
/schemas/            @ocp-tsc

# Python SDK
/sdk/python/          @ocp-sdk-wg
/tests/               @ocp-sdk-wg

# Node
/node/                @ocp-node-wg

# Governance & root
/GOVERNANCE.md        @ocp-tsc
/SECURITY.md           @ocp-security-wg
/CONTRIBUTING.md     @ocp-community-council
/CODE_OF_CONDUCT.md   @ocp-community-council
/README.md             @ocp-tsc
```

```

# CI/CD
/.github/workflows/      @ocp-tsc

# Documentation
/docs/                   @ocp-community-council

# Examples
/examples/               @ocp-community-council

```

4. Branching Model

OCP uses a trunk-based development model with short-lived feature branches and protected release branches.

4.1 Branch Types

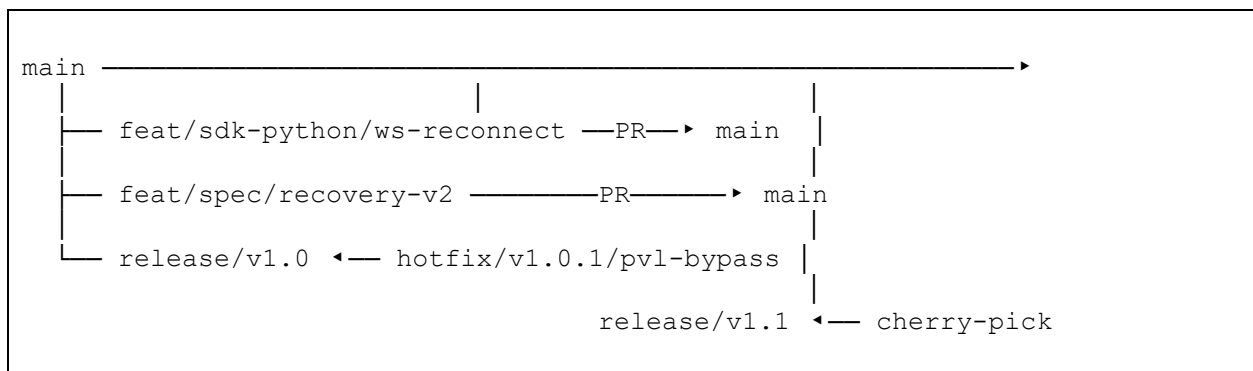
Branch	Pattern	Lifetime	Protection
main	main	Permanent	Protected: require PR, 2 approvals, CI pass, no force push
release	release/v<MAJOR>.<MINOR>	Until EOL	Protected: require PR, 2 TSC approvals, CI pass
feature	feat/<scope>/<short-description>	Days to weeks	Unprotected; deleted after merge
fix	fix/<scope>/<short-description>	Days	Unprotected; deleted after merge
hotfix	hotfix/v<version>/<description>	Hours to days	Requires 1 TSC emergency approval

4.2 Scope Identifiers

Scopes correspond to top-level directories and are used in branch names and commit messages:

Scope	Directory
spec	spec/
schemas	schemas/
sdk-python	sdk/python/
sdk-js	sdk/javascript/
sdk-go	sdk/go/
node	node/
tests	tests/
examples	examples/
docs	docs/
ci	.github/
governance	Root governance files

4.3 Branch Lifecycle



4.4 Rules

1. All changes to `main` MUST go through a Pull Request.
2. Feature branches MUST be rebased onto `main` before merge (no merge commits).
3. Feature branches MUST be deleted after merge.
4. Release branches are cut from `main` at the point of release.
5. Hotfixes are applied to the release branch and cherry-picked to `main`.
6. Direct commits to `main` or any release branch are prohibited.

5. Commit Convention

All commits MUST follow Conventional Commits v1.0.0.

5.1 Format

```
<type>(<scope>): <description>
[optional body]
[optional footer(s)]
```

5.2 Types

Type	Meaning	Triggers
feat	New feature	Minor version bump
fix	Bug fix	Patch version bump
docs	Documentation only	No version bump
style	Formatting, whitespace	No version bump
refactor	Code change that neither fixes nor adds	No version bump
perf	Performance improvement	Patch version bump
test	Adding or correcting tests	No version bump
build	Build system or dependencies	No version bump
ci	CI configuration	No version bump
chore	Maintenance tasks	No version bump
revert	Reverts a prior commit	Depends on reverted type
security	Security fix	Patch version bump

5.3 Breaking Changes

Breaking changes **MUST** include `BREAKING CHANGE:` in the commit footer or `!` after the `type/scope`:

```
feat(spec)!: rename knowledge_share payload field
```

```
BREAKING CHANGE: The "findings" field in insight payloads is  
renamed to "payload" for consistency with the OCPUMF spec.  
Migration: rename all "findings" keys to "payload" in existing  
insight packages.
```

Breaking changes trigger a **major** version bump.

5.4 Examples

```
feat(sdk-python): add WebSocket automatic reconnection with backoff  
fix(schemas): correct bond-record expires_at to require date-time format  
docs(spec): clarify trust score computation edge cases  
test(tests): add PVL rejection code coverage for PVL-003  
refactor(node): extract message routing into dedicated module  
security(sdk-python): upgrade cryptography to 44.0 for CVE-2026-XXXXX  
ci(ci): add schema validation workflow for all JSON files  
feat(spec)!: add recovery_request and recovery_share_response message types  
  
BREAKING CHANGE: OCPUMF message_type enum now includes two additional  
values. Implementations that validate against a closed enum must be updated.
```

6. Versioning

6.1 Protocol Version

The OCP protocol version follows MAJOR.MINOR:

Component	Meaning
MAJOR	Breaking protocol changes (incompatible wire format, removed message types)
MINOR	Backward-compatible additions (new message types, new optional fields)

The protocol version is encoded in every OCPUMF message as `ocp_version`.

Current: 1.0

6.2 Software Versions

All software artifacts (SDK, node, schemas) follow [Semantic Versioning 2.0.0](#) independently:

```
MAJOR.MINOR.PATCH[-prerelease][+build]
```

Artifact	Current Version	Version Source
Protocol specification	1.0	spec/SPECIFICATION.md header
JSON Schemas	1.0.0	\$id URL path
Python SDK	1.0.0	sdk/python/ocp/__init__.py → __version__
Reference Node	1.0.0	node/src/ocp_node/__init__.py → __version__

6.3 Version Synchronization Rules

1. A protocol MAJOR bump forces a MAJOR bump on all schemas and SDKs.
2. A protocol MINOR bump forces at minimum a MINOR bump on schemas.
3. SDK and node versions are independent of each other.
4. Schema versions MUST match the protocol version they implement.

6.4 Git Tags

Tags follow the format <artifact>/<version>:

```
spec/v1.0  
schemas/v1.0.0  
sdk-python/v1.0.0  
sdk-python/v1.0.1  
sdk-python/v1.1.0  
node/v1.0.0
```

Tags are annotated (not lightweight) and MUST be signed by a TSC member:

```
git tag -s sdk-python/v1.1.0 -m "sdk-python v1.1.0: add WebSocket  
reconnection"
```

7. Release Process

7.1 Release Types

Type	Cadence	Approval	Deprecation Notice
Patch (x.y.Z)	As needed	1 TSC + CI pass	None
Minor (x.Y.0)	Quarterly target	2 TSC + CI pass	None
Major (X.0.0)	Annual target	TSC supermajority (5/7) + community RFC	12 months

7.2 Release Checklist

Each release **MUST** complete the following steps in order:

1. **Freeze.** Announce feature freeze on the `main` branch.
2. **Branch.** Create `release/v<MAJOR>.<MINOR>` from `main`.
3. **Version bump.** Update all version strings (spec, schemas, SDK, node).
4. **Changelog.** Update `spec/CHANGELOG.md` and relevant `CHANGELOG` files.
5. **Schema validation.** Run `schema-validation.yml` workflow — all schemas must pass.
6. **Compliance.** Run `ocp-compliance` against the SDK — all checks must pass.
7. **Test suite.** Full `pytest` run — 100% of tests must pass, coverage \geq 85%.
8. **Security audit.** Run `security-audit.yml` — no critical or high vulnerabilities.
9. **Documentation.** Build and review docs site.
10. **TSC vote.** Required approvals per §7.1.
11. **Tag.** Create signed annotated tag(s).
12. **Publish.** Push to PyPI (SDK), Docker Hub (node), GitHub Releases (all).
13. **Announce.** Post to OCP blog, mailing list, and social channels.

7.3 Release Artifacts

Artifact	Registry	Format
Python SDK	PyPI (<code>ocp-protocol</code>)	Wheel + sdist
Reference Node	Docker Hub (<code>ocp/node</code>)	Docker image (linux/amd64, linux/arm64)
JSON Schemas	GitHub Releases + CDN	Zip archive
Specification	GitHub Releases	PDF + Markdown
Compliance suite	PyPI (bundled with SDK)	Python package

7.4 Deprecation Policy

Deprecated features MUST:

1. Be annotated with `@deprecated` in code and `[DEPRECATED]` in spec text.
2. Emit a runtime warning in the SDK when used.
3. Remain functional for the entire deprecation window.
4. Be documented in the CHANGELOG with the planned removal version.

Deprecation windows:

- Protocol features: 12 months minimum.
- SDK features: 6 months minimum (2 minor releases).
- Node features: 6 months minimum.

8. CI/CD Pipeline

8.1 Continuous Integration (`ci.yml`)

Triggered on every push and PR to `main`:

```
yaml
name: CI
on:
  push:
    branches: [main]
  pull_request:
    branches: [main]

jobs:
  lint:
    runs-on: ubuntu-latest
    steps:
      - uses: actions/checkout@v4
      - uses: actions/setup-python@v5
        with: { python-version: "3.12" }
      - run: pip install ruff
      - run: ruff check sdk/python/ node/src/ tests/ examples/
      - run: ruff format --check sdk/python/ node/src/

  typecheck:
    runs-on: ubuntu-latest
    steps:
      - uses: actions/checkout@v4
      - uses: actions/setup-python@v5
        with: { python-version: "3.12" }
      - run: pip install mypy sdk/python/[dev]
      - run: mypy sdk/python/ocp/ --strict

  test:
    runs-on: ubuntu-latest
    strategy:
      matrix:
        python-version: ["3.11", "3.12", "3.13"]
    steps:
      - uses: actions/checkout@v4
      - uses: actions/setup-python@v5
        with: { python-version: "${{ matrix.python-version }}" }
      - run: pip install sdk/python/[dev]
      - run: pytest tests/ -v --cov=ocp --cov-report=xml --cov-fail-under=85
      - uses: codecov/codecov-action@v4
        with: { files: coverage.xml }

  compliance:
    runs-on: ubuntu-latest
    steps:
```

```

- uses: actions/checkout@v4
- uses: actions/setup-python@v5
  with: { python-version: "3.12" }
- run: pip install sdk/python/
- run: python -m ocp.compliance

node-build:
  runs-on: ubuntu-latest
  steps:
    - uses: actions/checkout@v4
    - run: docker build -t ocp-node-test -f node/Dockerfile .
    - run: |
        docker run --rm ocp-node-test python -c "
        from ocp_node import __version__
        print(f'Node version: {__version__}')
        "

integration:
  runs-on: ubuntu-latest
  needs: [test, node-build]
  steps:
    - uses: actions/checkout@v4
    - run: docker compose -f node/docker-compose.yml up -d
    - run: sleep 10
    - uses: actions/setup-python@v5
      with: { python-version: "3.12" }
    - run: pip install sdk/python/[dev]
    - run: pytest tests/integration/ -v --timeout=60
    - run: docker compose -f node/docker-compose.yml down

```

8.2 Schema Validation (`schema-validation.yml`)

```

yaml

name: Schema Validation
on:
  push:
    paths: ["schemas/**"]
  pull_request:
    paths: ["schemas/**"]

jobs:
  validate:
    runs-on: ubuntu-latest
    steps:
      - uses: actions/checkout@v4
      - uses: actions/setup-python@v5
        with: { python-version: "3.12" }
      - run: pip install jsonschema check-jsonschema
      - run: |
          find schemas/ -name "*.schema.json" | while read f; do
            echo "Validating: $f"

```

```

        check-jsonschema --check-metaschema "$f"
    done
- run: |
    python -c "
    import json, os
    for root, dirs, files in os.walk('schemas'):
        for f in files:
            if f.endswith('.schema.json'):
                path = os.path.join(root, f)
                with open(path) as fh:
                    schema = json.load(fh)
                    assert '\$id' in schema, f'{path}: missing \$id'
                    assert '\$schema' in schema, f'{path}: missing
\$schema'

                    assert 'title' in schema, f'{path}: missing title'
                    assert 'description' in schema, f'{path}: missing
description'

                    print(f'  ✓ {path}')
    "

```

8.3 Security Audit (security-audit.yml)

```

yaml
name: Security Audit
on:
  schedule:
    - cron: "0 6 * * 1" # Weekly Monday 06:00 UTC
  push:
    paths: ["sdk/python/pyproject.toml", "node/requirements.txt"]
jobs:
  audit:
    runs-on: ubuntu-latest
    steps:
      - uses: actions/checkout@v4
      - uses: actions/setup-python@v5
        with: { python-version: "3.12" }
      - run: pip install pip-audit safety
      - run: pip-audit --requirement node/requirements.txt --strict
      - run: pip install sdk/python/ && pip-audit --strict
      - run: |
          # Verify cryptographic library versions
          python -c "
          import cryptography
          v = tuple(int(x) for x in cryptography.__version__.split('.')[:2])
          assert v >= (43, 0), f'cryptography {cryptography.__version__} is
below minimum 43.0'
          print(f'cryptography: {cryptography.__version__} ✓')
          "

```

8.4 Release Automation (release.yml)

```
yaml
name: Release
on:
  push:
    tags: ["sdk-python/v*", "node/v*", "schemas/v*", "spec/v*"]
jobs:
  release-sdk:
    if: startsWith(github.ref, 'refs/tags/sdk-python/')
    runs-on: ubuntu-latest
    environment: pypi
    permissions:
      id-token: write
    steps:
      - uses: actions/checkout@v4
      - uses: actions/setup-python@v5
        with: { python-version: "3.12" }
      - run: pip install build twine
      - run: cd sdk/python && python -m build
      - uses: pypa/gh-action-pypi-publish@release/v1
        with: { packages-dir: sdk/python/dist/ }

  release-node:
    if: startsWith(github.ref, 'refs/tags/node/')
    runs-on: ubuntu-latest
    steps:
      - uses: actions/checkout@v4
      - uses: docker/setup-buildx-action@v3
      - uses: docker/login-action@v3
        with:
          username: ${ secrets.DOCKERHUB_USER }
          password: ${ secrets.DOCKERHUB_TOKEN }
      - uses: docker/build-push-action@v5
        with:
          context: .
          file: node/Dockerfile
          push: true
          platforms: linux/amd64,linux/arm64
          tags: |
            ocp/node:${ github.ref_name }
            ocp/node:latest

  release-github:
    runs-on: ubuntu-latest
    permissions:
      contents: write
    steps:
      - uses: actions/checkout@v4
      - uses: softprops/action-gh-release@v2
        with:
          generate_release_notes: true
          files: |
            spec/SPECIFICATION.md
```

8.5 Pipeline Requirements

All PRs to `main` MUST satisfy these gates:

Gate	Requirement
Lint	<code>ruff check</code> and <code>ruff format --check</code> pass with zero errors
Type check	<code>mypy --strict</code> passes with zero errors
Unit tests	100% of tests pass across Python 3.11, 3.12, 3.13
Coverage	$\geq 85\%$ line coverage
Compliance	<code>ocp-compliance</code> exits with code 0
Schema validation	All <code>.schema.json</code> files pass metaschema validation
Node build	Docker image builds successfully
Integration	Integration tests pass against a running node
No conflicts	Branch is rebased on latest <code>main</code>
Approvals	Per CODEOWNERS (§3.2)

9. Contribution Workflow

9.1 Standard Flow

1. Fork or clone the repository.
2. Create a branch: `git checkout -b feat/<scope>/<description>`
3. Make changes.
4. Commit with convention: `git commit -m "feat(sdk-python): add X"`
5. Push: `git push origin feat/<scope>/<description>`
6. Open a Pull Request against `main`.
7. Address review feedback.
8. Squash and rebase if requested.
9. Maintainer merges (rebase-merge, not squash-merge for multi-commit PRs).
10. Branch is auto-deleted.

9.2 Spec Change Flow (RFC Process)

Changes to `spec/SPECIFICATION.md` or `schemas/` follow a heavier process:

1. Open a GitHub Issue tagged [RFC] describing the proposed change.
2. TSC labels the issue for discussion (14-day comment period).
3. If the RFC receives TSC sponsorship (at least 1 TSC member):
 - a. Author creates a branch: `feat/spec/<rfc-number>-<short-name>`
 - b. Author submits a PR with:
 - Updated `SPECIFICATION.md`
 - Updated or new schemas
 - Updated SDK code (if the change affects wire format)
 - Updated tests
 - CHANGELOG entry
 - c. PR requires 2 TSC approvals.
 - d. For breaking changes: TSC supermajority vote (5/7).
4. After merge, the TSC schedules inclusion in the next release.

9.3 Extension Proposal Flow

New domain extensions (`ocp-ext:*`) follow:

1. Copy `spec/extensions/ocp-ext-template.md` to a new file.
2. Fill in all sections (scope, schemas, message types, examples).
3. Submit a PR to `spec/extensions/` and `schemas/` (if new schemas are needed).
4. TSC reviews for:
 - No conflict with core spec
 - Schema validity
 - Test coverage for new message types
5. 1 TSC approval required.

9.4 Security Disclosure Flow

Security-sensitive contributions follow `SECURITY.md`:

1. Report to `security@ocp.foundation` (never a public issue).
2. SWG acknowledges within 48 hours.
3. Fix developed on a private branch.
4. Coordinated disclosure after fix is ready (default 90 days).
5. Hotfix released per §7.1.

10. Quality Standards

10.1 Specification Text

- MUST use RFC 2119 keywords (MUST, SHOULD, MAY) consistently.
- MUST include a JSON example for every data structure introduced.
- MUST cross-reference related sections with section numbers.
- MUST NOT contain implementation-specific language (no Python, Go, etc. in normative text).
- Line length SHOULD be ≤ 100 characters (soft wrap for readability in diffs).

10.2 JSON Schemas

- MUST use `$schema: "https://json-schema.org/draft/2020-12/schema"`.
- MUST include `$id` with canonical URL.
- MUST include `title` and `description` on every schema.
- MUST include `description` on every property.
- MUST use `additionalProperties: false` unless extensibility is explicitly intended.
- MUST validate against the JSON Schema metaschema (enforced by CI).
- SHOULD use `$defs` for reusable type definitions.
- File naming: `<noun-noun>.schema.json`, lowercase, hyphenated.

10.3 Python Code

- MUST format with `ruff format` (line length 100).
- MUST pass `ruff check` with zero errors.
- MUST pass `mypy --strict` with zero errors.
- MUST include type hints on all function signatures and return types.
- MUST include docstrings on all public classes, methods, and functions.
- Docstrings follow Google style.
- Variable names: concise but readable (`msg` not `m`, `agent_id` not `aid`).
- MUST NOT use `print()` — use `structlog` or `logging`.
- MUST NOT use `assert` for validation — use explicit checks with exceptions.
- Test files mirror source structure: `ocp/crypto.py` → `tests/test_crypto.py`.

10.4 Docker / Node

- Dockerfile MUST use a pinned base image tag (not `:latest`).
- `HEALTHCHECK` MUST be defined for every service.
- Secrets MUST be injected via environment variables, never in config files.
- All ports MUST be documented in `docker-compose.yml` comments.
- Configuration MUST support environment variable overrides.

10.5 Tests

- Unit tests MUST NOT require network access.
- Integration tests MUST be in `tests/integration/` and marked with `@pytest.mark.integration`.
- Tests MUST be deterministic (no random failures).
- Tests MUST NOT share state between test functions.
- Each test file MUST be independently runnable.
- Fixtures MUST be defined in `conftest.py`, not duplicated.

11. File Format Standards

File Type	Encoding	Line Ending	Indentation	Trailing Newline
<code>.md</code>	UTF-8	LF	2 spaces (lists)	Yes
<code>.json</code>	UTF-8	LF	2 spaces	Yes
<code>.py</code>	UTF-8	LF	4 spaces	Yes
<code>.yaml / .yml</code>	UTF-8	LF	2 spaces	Yes
<code>.toml</code>	UTF-8	LF	4 spaces	Yes
Dockerfile	UTF-8	LF	4 spaces	Yes

11.1 EditorConfig

```
ini

# .editorconfig
root = true

[*]
end_of_line = lf
insert_final_newline = true
charset = utf-8
trim_trailing_whitespace = true

[*].py]
indent_style = space
indent_size = 4

[*.{json,yml,yaml,md}]
indent_style = space
indent_size = 2

[*].toml]
indent_style = space
indent_size = 4

[Dockerfile]
indent_style = space
indent_size = 4

[Makefile]
indent_style = tab
```

12. Issue and PR Templates

12.1 Issue Labels

Label	Color	Scope
spec	#0075ca	Protocol specification
schemas	#0075ca	JSON Schemas
sdk-python	#1d76db	Python SDK
sdk-js	#1d76db	JavaScript SDK
sdk-go	#1d76db	Go SDK
node	#5319e7	Reference node
tests	#d4c5f9	Test suite
docs	#0e8a16	Documentation
security	#b60205	Security-sensitive
breaking	#b60205	Breaking change
RFC	#fbca04	Request for Comments
extension	#fbca04	Extension proposal
good-first-issue	#7057ff	Newcomer-friendly
help-wanted	#008672	Community contribution welcome
wontfix	#ffffff	Will not be addressed
duplicate	#cfd3d7	Duplicate of another issue
P0-critical	#b60205	Blocks release
P1-high	#d93f0b	Important, next release
P2-medium	#fbca04	Planned, no urgency
P3-low	#0e8a16	Nice to have

12.2 PR Template

```
markdown

<!-- .github/PULL_REQUEST_TEMPLATE.md -->

## Summary

<!-- What does this PR do? One paragraph. -->

## Type

- [ ] `feat` - New feature
- [ ] `fix` - Bug fix
- [ ] `docs` - Documentation
- [ ] `refactor` - Code improvement
- [ ] `test` - Test addition/fix
- [ ] `security` - Security fix
- [ ] `spec` - Specification change (RFC required)
- [ ] `schemas` - Schema change

## Breaking Change?

- [ ] No
- [ ] Yes - describe migration path below

## Checklist

- [ ] Commits follow Conventional Commits
- [ ] Tests added/updated
- [ ] Documentation updated (if user-facing)
- [ ] `ruff check` passes
- [ ] `mypy --strict` passes
- [ ] CHANGELOG updated (for feat/fix/security)
- [ ] Schemas validate against metaschema (if changed)

## Related Issues

<!-- Closes #NNN -->
```

13. Dependency Management

13.1 Policy

- All dependencies MUST be pinned to a minimum version with `>=` (not exact pin) in `pyproject.toml`.
- Lock files are NOT committed (the SDK is a library, not an application).
- The node's `requirements.txt` uses `>=` pins for reproducible installs within Docker.
- Dependabot is configured to open PRs for security updates weekly.

13.2 Dependabot Configuration

```
yaml
# .github/dependabot.yml
version: 2
updates:
  - package-ecosystem: pip
    directory: /sdk/python
    schedule:
      interval: weekly
    reviewers:
      - ocp-sdk-wg
    labels:
      - dependencies
      - sdk-python

  - package-ecosystem: pip
    directory: /node
    schedule:
      interval: weekly
    reviewers:
      - ocp-node-wg
    labels:
      - dependencies
      - node

  - package-ecosystem: docker
    directory: /node
    schedule:
      interval: weekly
    reviewers:
      - ocp-node-wg
    labels:
      - dependencies
      - node
```

```
- package-ecosystem: github-actions
  directory: /
  schedule:
    interval: weekly
  reviewers:
    - ocp-tsc
  labels:
    - dependencies
    - ci
```

13.3 Approved Cryptographic Libraries

Only the following cryptographic libraries are approved for use in OCP implementations. Using an unapproved library requires SWG review:

Library	Language	Approved Versions
cryptography	Python	≥ 43.0
pynacl	Python	$\geq 1.5.0$
@noble/ed25519	JavaScript	≥ 2.0
@noble/curves	JavaScript	≥ 1.4
golang.org/x/crypto	Go	latest

14. Archival and Migration

14.1 Repository Archival

If the OCP project is discontinued:

1. The repository is archived (read-only) on GitHub.
2. A full mirror is published to the Internet Archive.
3. The specification and schemas are published to a permanent DOI via Zenodo.
4. All Docker images remain available on Docker Hub.
5. The PyPI package remains available (yanking is prohibited).

14.2 Platform Migration

If the repository must move from GitHub:

1. TSC votes to approve the migration target (supermajority required).
2. Full Git history is preserved (no squashing).
3. All issues and PRs are exported.
4. The GitHub repository becomes a redirect/archive pointing to the new location.
5. All CI/CD pipelines are rebuilt on the new platform.
6. A 6-month transition period is maintained where both locations accept contributions.

Appendix A: Quick Reference

Branching

```
bash

# New feature
git checkout -b feat/sdk-python/ws-reconnect
# ... work ...
git commit -m "feat/sdk-python): add WebSocket automatic reconnection"
git push origin feat/sdk-python/ws-reconnect
# Open PR → review → merge → branch auto-deleted

# Hotfix on release
git checkout release/v1.0
git checkout -b hotfix/v1.0.1/pvl-bypass
# ... fix ...
git commit -m "security(pvl): prevent PII scanner bypass via nested
encoding"
# PR to release/v1.0 → merge → tag v1.0.1 → cherry-pick to main
```

Tagging

```
bash

# SDK release
git tag -s sdk-python/v1.1.0 -m "sdk-python v1.1.0"
git push origin sdk-python/v1.1.0

# Spec release
git tag -s spec/v1.1 -m "OCP Specification v1.1"
git push origin spec/v1.1
```

Running CI locally

```
bash

# Lint
ruff check sdk/python/ node/src/ tests/ examples/
ruff format --check sdk/python/

# Type check
mypy sdk/python/ocp/ --strict

# Tests
pytest tests/ -v --cov=ocp --cov-fail-under=85

# Compliance
python -m ocp.compliance

# Schema validation
find schemas/ -name "*.schema.json" -exec check-jsonschema --check-
metaschema {} \;

# Node build
docker compose -f node/docker-compose.yml build
```



OpenCognition Protocol (OCP) - Disclosure and Disclaimer

Disclosure

OCP is an open-source software project released under the opencognitionprotocol.org, MIT, GPL v3 license. It is developed and maintained by a community of contributors. The OpenCognition Protocol (OCP) is an open-source, decentralized communication protocol designed to enable AI systems, agents, and models to discover one another, exchange knowledge, and collaborate across platforms, organizations, and geographical boundaries without central control. Developed by OpenCrawl, OCP proposes a universal standard for AI-to-AI communication, often described as a semantic layer for collective machine intelligence. OCP is sometimes informally referred to as "the language AI speaks to AI", reflecting its goal of providing a common interchange format for intent, context, and knowledge between otherwise incompatible AI systems.

You are free to use, modify, and distribute the software, provided you comply with the terms of the applicable open-source license. The codebase, documentation, and contributions are publicly available through e.g., GitHub or GitLab

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Prohibited Uses

A Deploying Organisation must not use OCP to:

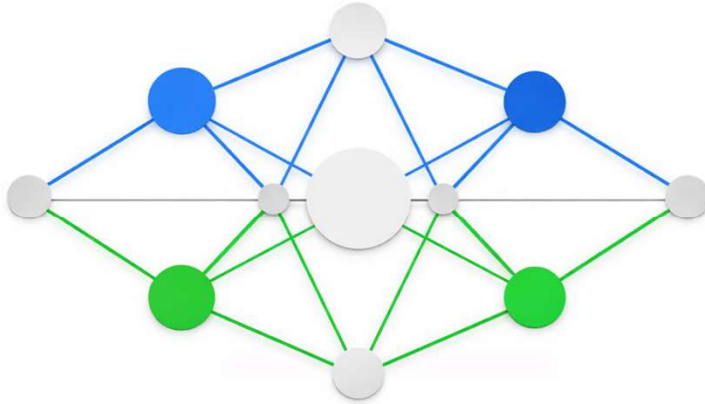
- a) Share, transmit, or enable the inference of any information that could identify a specific individual without that individual's explicit and informed consent;
- b) Facilitate market manipulation, coordinated trading, or any activity that violates applicable securities law or market abuse regulation;
- c) Share knowledge signals derived from clinical trial data, patient health records, or genomic data in violation of applicable research ethics requirements, including IRB protocols and patient consent obligations;
- d) Enable cross-company coordination that constitutes anticompetitive behaviour under applicable competition law, including price-fixing, market allocation, or bid-rigging;
- e) Weaponise OCP signals — that is, to inject false, misleading, or adversarially crafted signals into the OCP network with the intention of causing harm to any participant, system, or third party;
- f) Deploy OCP in any system that automates lethal decision-making or that is designed for the purpose of targeting, harming, or killing human beings.

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